

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR TOMO RIBA INSTITUTE OF HEALTH & MEDICAL SCIENCES (TRIHMS) Naharlagun - 791 110, Arunachal Pradesh

Email - trihmsap@gmail.com

No. TRIHMS/CARDIO-53/22

Dated Naharlagun, the 28th December 2022

То

The Director IPR, Naharlagun Govt. of Arunachal Pradesh

Sub:- Publication of Advertisement

Sir.

Please find here with attached an advertisement no.TRIHMS/Cardio-53/2022 Dated 28th December 2022 for publication in the local dailies and bills in triplicate may be forwarded to the undersigned for payment.

Enclosed: As stated Above.

Sd/-(Dr. Moji Jini) Director, TRIHMS Govt. of Arunachal Pradesh

Memo No. TRIHMS/CARDIO-53/22 Dated Naharlagun, the 28th December 2022

Copy to

- 1. Admin officer, TRIHMS Naharlagun
- 2. HoD Cardiology for information
- 3. Office Copy

Director. TRIHMS Govt. of Arunachal Pradesh



OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR TOMO RIBA INSTITUTE OF HEALTH & MEDICAL SCIENCES (TRIHMS) Naharlagun – 791 110, Arunachal Pradesh

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Dated Naharlagun, the 28th December 2022

# ADVERTISEMENT

Applications are invited for short term project HBSR (Hospital based stroke registry) ICMR- NCDIR in TRIHMS, Naharlagun for the following posts.

Sl. No	Posts	No. of Post
1.	Medical Officer	1 (one)
2.	Project Assistant	1 (one)
3.	Data Entry Operator Cum Project Technician	1 (one)

The interested candidate should summit their resume to the Office of the Director, Tomo Riba Institute of Health and Medical Sciences on or before 09/01/2023.

For further details go to www.trihms.com

Sd-Dr. Moji Jini Director,TRIHMS Naharlagun

No. TRIHMS/CARDIO-53/22

Dated Naharlagun, the 28th December 2022

Copy to:

- 1. Director IPR for publication in the local dailies
- 2. Admin Officer, TRIHMS Naharlagun
- 3. HoD Department of Cardiology TRIHMS
- 4. Office Copy

Director, TRI IMS Naharlagun



## OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR TOMO RIBA INSTITUTE OF HEALTH & MEDICAL SCIENCES (TRIHMS) Naharlagun – 791 110, Arunachal Pradesh

Email - trihmsap@gmail.com

No. TRIHMS/GARDIO-53/22

Dated Naharlagun, the 28th December 2022

# **Advertisement for ICMR- NCDIR in TRIHMS**

Applications are invited for short term project HBSR (Hospital based stroke registry) ICMR- NCDIR in TRIHMS, Naharlagun under the Department of Cardiology and Medicine for the following posts.

- 1. Medical Officer
- 2. Project Assistant
- 3. Data Operator cum Project Technician

Last date for receiving of application is on 9/01/2023. The short-listed candidates shall be uploaded in the website on 13/1/2023. The interview will be conducted on 17/01/2023 in the office of the Director, TRIHMS, Naharlagun

## **Details of project:**

- 1. The Project is for three years and the annual renewal is subject to performance of the Institute.
- 2. The Project is ICMR NCDIR funded.
- 3. The project is a registry. The concept note has been attached.
- 4. Eligibility criteria of Project Staffs.

Sl. No.	Designation	Qualification	Monthly Remuneration
1	Medical Officer	MBBS/BDS from recognized Institute.	60,000/- Sixty thousand only
2	Project Assistant	M.Sc/B.Sc Degree in any field or Equivalent from recognized Institute.	27,000/- Twenty thousand only
3	Data Entry Operator cum Project Technician	Post-Graduation or Graduation from any academic background with basic computer knowledge.	18,000/- Eighteen thousand only

For any queries kindly mail to <u>trihmsap@gmail.com</u>. Details shall be updated at <u>www.trihms.com</u> from time to time.

Director, TRIHMS Govt. of Arunachal Pradesh





## Development of Hospital Based Stroke Registries in North-East region of India (HBSR-NER) Concept Note

### Introduction and Background

Stroke is the second leading cause of death in above 60 years age group; 15 million people were affected and 5 million people were estimated to die of stroke every year, and 60 % of the total stroke patients were dependent (1), (2). In India, crude and age-adjusted rate of stroke ranges from 117-145/ lakh population and 130-152/ lakh population respectively, with a case fatality rate of 17 to 27.2% at 30 days. (4), (5),(6), (7). A third of premature stroke deaths in India occurred in the northeastern states, where death rates were three times higher than the national average (7). Ethnicity, High prevalence of hypertension and inadequate stroke care might have a role in increasing mortality rates and novel risk factors such as endemic infections might also be associated with stroke in these areas (7). Hemorrhagic stroke was the most common sub type of stroke reported in a hospital based study done in Assam and also most of these cases were of younger age group and lower socio economic group (8)

### **Rationale for Hospital Based Stroke Registry**

Evidence on access to stroke care in different treatment settings is unavailable for planning of stroke care services. Data on clinical care parameters and Outcomes of stroke – both acute and long term may be measured by a HBSR and this will offer insight on clinical care performance of hospitals treating patients with stroke. The information from a hospital-based stroke registry will help

- To provide the better healthcare delivery
- To obtain better patient outcomes
- To facilitate preventive measures, and
- To improve healthcare policy regarding stroke

## Objectives

I. To generate reliable data on

a. Pattern of Stroke

b. Pattern of Care and Treatment

## Methodology

The aim of ICMR-NCDIR National Stroke Care registry programme is to study pattern and quality of care in stroke across different treatment care settings. The objective of establishing the Hospital based stroke registry under National Stroke Registry Programme (NSRP) is to generate data on the pattern and quality of care of stroke in different treatment settings that could further lead to expansion of epidemiological, clinical and public health research in stroke in our country.



#### Selection of cases:

First ever and recurrent stroke cases (Ischemic stroke, Hemorrhagic stroke & SAH) presenting within 28 days of onset will be included TIA and non-vascular stroke will be excluded

#### Basis of Diagnosis:

Clinical presentation and Imaging studies (CT, MRI and others)

#### Data abstraction and core-form:

Data shall be abstracted from all the cases of stroke admitted or attending out-patient department of the registered hospital. A stroke case can present/ admit in different departments in a hospital (Neurology, Medicine, Neurosurgery, Emergency, Radiology, Physiotherapy etc.,). All such departments/ units shall be included for data collection.

For admitted cases, data collection/ update can be done during admission, during stay at hospital & during discharge. If any stroke case is missed, data of such cases shall be collected from Medical records department. At out-patient department, whenever a stroke case is diagnosed & medications/ referral is advised, data of such cases shall be abstracted into the HBSR core form.

The core-form of HBSR will contain the following components

- 1. Identifying information
- 2. Diagnosis of Stroke Basis of diagnosis,
- Final Diagnosis, Type of Stroke, ICD -10
- Clinical Information symptoms, signs & Severity of stroke
- 4. Imaging studies CT and /or MRI findings
- 5. Risk Factors and Co-Morbid Conditions –
- Such as behavioral and metabolic risk factors
- 6. Treatment details thrombolysis / surgery / medical/rehabilitation /Complications
- Status at discharge Alive or Dead, Functional status
- 8. Follow up status at 28 days after onset of stroke
- 9. Vital status on follow up
- 10. Death Cause of death

Once the data is abstracted into the core form, the same can be entered into the HBSR online software. The HBSR form will be hosted in an online software containing question of the above components and will have in-built quality checks like consistency, duplicity and range checks. The software will also produce summary tables for data analysis and reporting.

**Follow-up:** All registered case will be followed up on 28 days & 3 months. The functional status and vital status will be collected during admission, discharge, 28<sup>th</sup> day & 3 months. Discharged cases will be followed up by social investigator during hospital visits or by other means of communication like telephone, letters.



#### **Role of Participating Centre**

Collection and collation of data of all stroke reported/diagnosed/treated (at admission, 28 days & 3 months from the date of onset of stroke) with specific attention to capture complete and correct residential address, patient identification details and type of stroke, clinical status, treatment details and follow-up information (clinical and demographic). Data collection has to be done in the prescribed core form, entered on-line and transmitted preferably in real time to ICMR-NCDIR. The Centre PI and Co-PIs and the concerned staff should participate in the meetings / workshops / training programs and present the progress of work.

#### NCDIR team coordination, Data management, analysis

1. The Coordinating Unit will support individual centres in establishing the HBSR with inputs in technology, epidemiology and field work.

2. Meetings and workshops for the HBSR Centres on purpose of the HBSR, the core form, standardization of the methodology of collecting and transmitting data, and planning out the data collection process will be conducted.

3. The NCDIR team will develop online data collection form with in-built quality checks and result/ summary table generating software.

#### Expected outcomes

#### Quality of care indicators will be assessed

- Use of intravenous thrombolysis (tPA) if an ischaemic stroke
- Access to a stroke unit (geographically defined ward area)
- Discharged on an antihypertensive agent
- Care plan provided at discharge (defined as any documentation in the medical record)
- Hospital outcomes data including date of discharge or date of death, and discharge.

#### **Ethical Concern**

The participating centre shall obtain IEC approval for the project before commencement of data collection as per the ICMR 'National Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical and Health Research involving Human Participant-2017'. NCDIR shall obtain and retain personal information of the registered stroke patients that is required for the purposes of duplicate checking and other quality checks of the data. NCDIR do not share any patient data between the institutions and with any other third party. The participating centre shall abide by the ICMR-NCDIR policy on data processing and disclosure to ensure a stable, reliable, ethical and legally compliant framework for data collection, use and dissemination by the NCDIR.

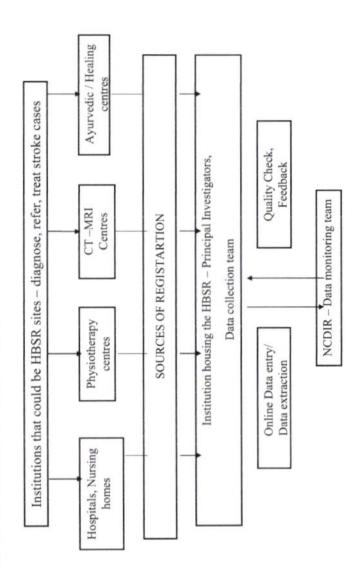


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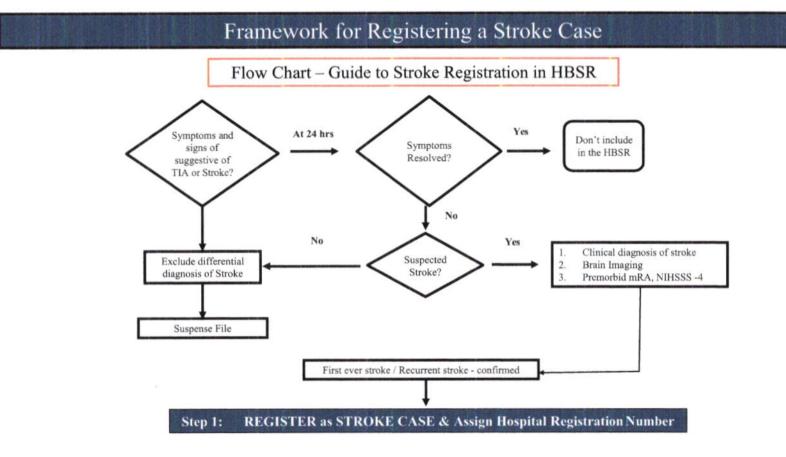
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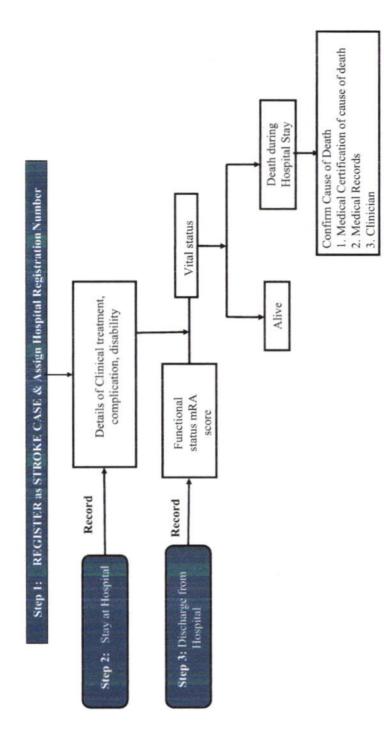






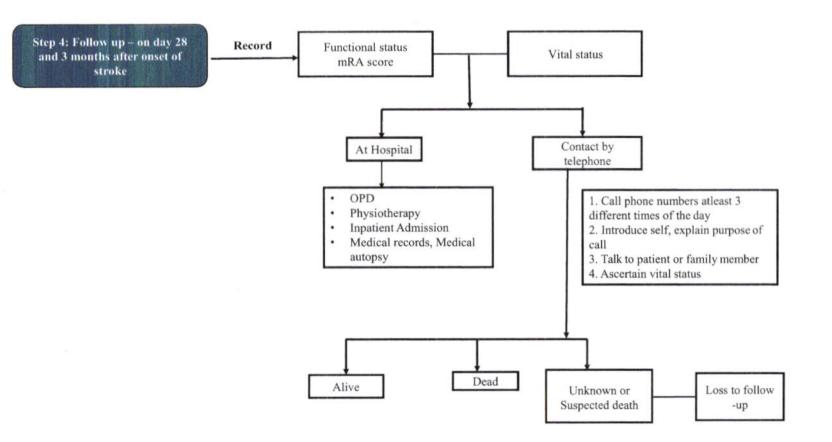
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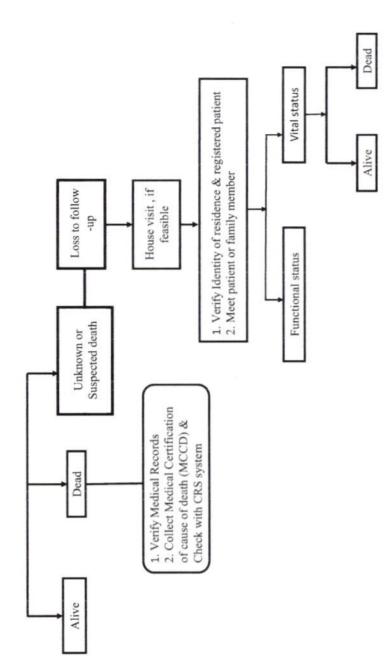


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## NATIONAL CENTRE FOR DISEASE INFORMATICS AND RESEARCH Indian Council of Medical Research

# HOSPITAL BASED STROKE REGISTRIES

CORE FORM

I. IDENTIFYING INFORMATION	
1. Name of Participating Centre :	Code
2. HBSR Registration Number :	
3. Registration at Reporting Institution : Out Patient In Patient	
3.1 Name of Source of Registration :	Code
3.2 Name of Department / Unit / Physician :	Code
3.3 Hospital Registration Number:	
4. Full Name:	(Last)
5. Place of residence (place of usual residence where the patient has been re-	esiding for the past 1 year):
5.1 Urban Areas (Town / Cities) 5.2 Non-Urba	an Areas (Town / Cities)
House No	
Road / Street Name Name of Gran	m Panchayat / Village etc
Area / Locality	
	-Unit of District (Taluk/ Tehsil/ Other)
	C / Sub-Centre
Name of District (in capitals) Postal Pin Coo	de
Telephone . 1	
Mobile No. 1 Email :	
2	
5.3 Other address:	
Address :	
District :	
Pin Code :	
Telephone No.: : 1 2	
6. Duration of stay [at the place of usual residence (in years) ]	
7. Age (years):	
8. Date of Birth:	
9. Sex: Male Female Others	



10.	Number of languages spoken (Multiple options ca	an be chosen)
	Assamese Bengali Gujarati Hin	di 🗌 Kannada 🗌 Kashmiri 🗌 Malayalam 🗌
	Marathi Oriya Punjabi Sar	nskrit Sindhi Tamil Telugu
	Urdu English Konkani Bhu	utia Manipuri Mizo Nepali
	Lepcha Rajasthani Others (specify)	Unknown
II. D	IAGNOSIS OF STROKE	
11.1	Patient last known or seen well :	Date
11.2	Date of onset of this episode of stroke :	Date
11.3	Is it a wake-up stroke ? (symptoms of stroke first	noticed on waking up from sleep) Yes No
11.4	Symptoms noticed at onset : Weakness/pa	aresis of limbs Dysphasia/aphasia
	Altered level	of consciousness Others, specify
11.5	Date of recognition of first stroke symptoms/ signs by medical professional:	Date
11.6	From where did the patient come to reach the rep	porting hospital for treatment of their stroke?
	Home	Other departments within reporting hospital
	Other place of stroke onset	Others, specify
	Outpatient healthcare setting	Unknown
	Inpatient health care setting	
11.7	Date and time of arrival at Reporting Institution :	Date
12.	Date of diagnosis of stroke at the Reporting institu	ution: Date
13.	Diagnosis or history of recent TIA?	Yes No Date Date
14.	Clinical Information	
14.1	Clinical findings at Reporting Institution:	
	Unilateral or bilateral motor impairment (including lack of coordination)	Unilateral or bilateral sensory impairment
	Aphasia/dysphasia (non-fluent speech)	Hemianopia (half-sided impairment of visual fields)
	Forced gaze (conjugate deviation)	Apraxia
	Ataxia	Neglect
	None of the above	Others, Specify
14.2	2 Other clinical features:	
	Dizziness, vertigo	Localized headache
	Blurred vision of both eyes	Diplopia
	Dysarthria (slurred speech)	Impaired cognitive function (including confusion)
	Impaired consciousness	Seizures
	Dysphagia	The Maharisgun Ab

15.1 Stroke severity score at admission at Reporting Institution (Record score for individual scale):

Level of consciousness(0-3)
LOC Questions(0-2)
LOC Commands(0-2)
Best gaze(0-2)
Visual fields(0-3)
Facial palsy(0-3)
Motor arm Left (0-4) Right (0-4)
Motor leg Left (0-4)
Limb ataxia(0-2)
Sensory(0-2)
Best language(0-3)
Dysarthria(0-2)
Extinction and inattention(0-2)
NIHSS Score (0-42)

15.2 Status of the person prior to occurrence of stroke (pre morbid modified Rankin scale)

	Symptoms					Score	
	Patient doesn't have any sympto	ms (0)					
	Patient is able to carry out all usu	al duties	s and act	ivities without	t any assistance (1)	$\Box$	
	Patient can look after own affairs	without	assistan	ce (2)			
	Patient requires some assistance or herself without any support (3		g activitie	es and can wa	lk by himself		
	Patient needs assistance for wall	king and	attendin	g own needs	(4)		
	Patient is bedridden/incontinent	and requ	uires con	stant care (5)			
16.	Diagnostic procedure	Yes	No	Unknown	Imaging Date		
	First CT brain					] Time::[	am/pm
	Imaging findings :						
	MRI-brain					] Time::[	am/pm
	Imaging findings :						
	CT-Angio					] Time::[	am/pm
	Imaging findings :						
	MR-Angio					] Time::[	am/pm
	Imaging findings :					-	
	CT-Perfusion / MR-Perfusion					Time:	am/pm
	Imaging findings :						
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	Transthoracic chocardiogram (TTE)
	Transesopagheal Echo, Holter
	Others, specify
17.	CT/MRI imaging done at Reporting Institution :
	Yes         No         Date         Time :         :         am/pm
	Imaging findings :
17.1	Imaging time at Reporting Institution (time of registration to imaging time at Reporting Institution)
	0-45 min $>$ 245 min to 3 hours $>$ 3 to $\leq$ 6 hours $>$ 6 hours to $\leq$ 24 hours $>$ 24 hours
18.	Basis of diagnosis (Select all applicable) :
10.	Clinical CT MRI Others, specify
10	
19.	Type of stroke : Ischemic Intracerebral haemorrhage Subarachnoid Haemorrhage
	Venous Undetermined
20.	TOAST CRITERIA (for acute ischemic stroke) :
	Large-artery atherosclerosis
	Cardioembolism
	i. Rheumatic Valvular
	ii. Non - Rheumatic Valvular
	iii. Non - valvular
	iv. CAD
	Small-artery occlusion (lacune)
	Stroke of other determined etiology
	Stroke of undetermined etiology
	i. Patient extensively evaluated
	ii. Patient not evaluated
	iii. Patient with two competing etiologies
21.1	Type of Intracerebral haemorrhage: Primary Secondary
21.2	Type of Circulation of Stroke : Anterior Circulation Stroke Posterior Circulation Stroke
22.	Final diagnosis : First Ever Recurrent
	Final diagnosis (in words)
	Type of stroke
	Territory affected
	Etiology
	Risk Factor and co-morbidities
23.	ICD-10 description : ICD -10 code: I
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## III. RISK FACTORS AND CO-MORBID CONDITIONS

24.	Underlying diseases or co-morbid conditions:	Yes	No	Unknown	Duration	Newly detected / OPD
	Previous Stroke			(C	completed months)	
	Previous Transient Ischemic Attack (anytime in the past)					
	Hypertension					
	Diabetes Mellitus					
	Atrial Fibrillation					
	Carotid stenosis					
	Myocardial Infarction					
	Ischemic Heart Disease (other than Atherosclerotic MI)					
	Valvular heart Disease	_		_		_
	1. Rheumatic Heart Disease					
	2. Non Rheumatic Heart Disease					
	Valve Prosthesis					
	Heart Failure					
	Peripheral Arterial Disease	Ц				
	Chronic Kidney Disease					
	Anemia					
	Haemoglobin : g/dl or mmol/L					
	Hypercholesterolemia		Ц			
	Hyper homocysteinenemia					
	Other:					
	1					
	2					
	3					
25.	Other risks / conditions (current or history of):		Yes	No	Unk	nown
	Family History of Stroke					
	Tobacco Smoking					
	Smokeless Tobacco use					
	Alcohol use					
	Drug Abuse or Addiction					
	Pregnancy or within 6 weeks after a delivery or termination of pregnancy					
	Hormone replacement therapy / Hormonal drug use					_
	Migraine					
	Sickle Cell disease					
	HIV infection					_
	CNS TB					_
	Others, specify None					
	Height cm					
	Weight kgs					of Aru echal A
	BMI Underweight	Normal		Dverweight	Obese	130 matthe 1300
					1 Town R	

## **IV. TREATMENT DETAILS**

26.	Treatment status before onset of	stroke:	Yes	No	Unknown	Duration (in months)
	Antiplatelets, specify					
	Antihypertensive drugs		$\Box$	Π	$\square$	
	Lipid lowering drugs				$\Box$	
	Antidiabetic agents				$\Box$	
	Others					
26.1	Medications taken for this episode	of stroke, prior to a	admission / pr	esenting to OF	PD at the Re	porting Institution:
	Yes	No	Unkno	wn		
	If 'Yes' in Q. 26.1. Answer Q. 26.2	2 to Q. 26.7 :				
26.2	Antiplatelet 26.3	3 Anticoagulant		26.4 Thromb	olytic treatm	nent
	Yes No	Yes No		Yes	No	]
	Aspirin	Heparin IV		IV tPA		
	Aspirin/dipyridamole	Full dose LMW he	eparin	IA tPA		
	Clopidogrel	Warfarin		Mecha	nical Throm	bectomy
	Others	Newer Oral Anti-c	oagulant	Others		
		Others				
26.5	Antidiabetics	26.6 Anti Hyperte	nsives	26.7 Lipid lo	wering agen	ts /Statins
	Yes No	Yes	No	The second	Yes	No
27.	Thrombolytic treatment at Report	ing Institution				
27.1	Was Thrombolytic treatment give	n? Yes	No			
	IV tPA IA tPA	N	Aechanical thr	ombectomy	7	
	Others, specify		Unkno	wn		
27.2	Time of initiating thrombolytic trea	atment after sympto	om onset			
	Date :	Time :	am/pm			
27.3	Reasons for not receiving Throm	bolysis		Yes	No	Unknown
	Delay in arrival to hospital					
	Delay in the imaging time					
	Diabetes mellitus with h/o previou	us ischemic stroke				
	Onset of symptoms unknown to a		t initiation		П	
	SBP > 185 or DBP > 110 mmHg			Н	Н	
	Glucose < 50 or > 400 mg/dl				H	
	Stroke severity – NIHSS ≥ 22			H	H	
	Suspicion of subarachnoid haemo	orrhage			H	
	CT findings of major infarct signs		ent		H	
	of MCA territory		iont			
	Seizure at onset					
	Recent surgery/trauma (≤14 days	5)				
	Recent intracranial or spinal surg	ery, head trauma(<	3 months)			
	History of intracranial haemorrhag	ge/brain aneurysm/	vascular			of Artu echer Ara
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		Active internal bleeding (within last 3 weeks)
		Platelets <100,000/PTT> 40 sec after heparin use/ PT > 15 or INR > 1.7/known bleeding diathesis
		Left heart thrombus
		Increased risk of bleeding
		Severe comorbid diseases or condition
		Stroke –rapidly improving
		Medicine not available
		Patient could not afford medicine
		Others, specify
	27.4	CT done after 24 hours after Thrombolysis : Yes No Unknown
	27.5	Patient developed complications due to Thrombolysis:
		None
		Asymptomatic Intracerebral Haemorrhage (ICH) within 36 hours
		Symptomatic ICH within 36 hours of thrombolysis
		Life threatening, serious systemic haemorrhage within 36 hours of thrombolysis
		Other serious complications
	28.	Other pharmacologic treatment
	28.1	Name the medications received and time of initiation after stroke onset while in hospital :
		Yes No Unknown Within 24 hrs. 24 - 48 hrs. After 48 hrs.
		Yes     No     Unknown     Within 24 hrs.     24 - 48 hrs.     After 48 hrs.       Antiplatelets     Image: Comparison of the second
		If yes, specify name
		Anticoagulants
		Antihypertensive drugs
		Antidiabetic agents
	29.	Surgical / interventional treatment Yes No Time of intervention after stroke onset
		Hemicraniectomy
		Suboccipital craniectomy (in hours)
		Endovascular coiling / clipping
		Any other
	30.	Non- medical test / management :
	30.1	Swallowing Test :
		Has the ability to swallow been tested within 24 hours of admission to Reporting Institution ?
		Yes No Not examined due to patient's state Don't know
		Yes No Not examined due to patient's state Don't know

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30.2	Did patient have dysphagia ? Yes No
30.3	If patient had dysphagia, whether he/ she was put on nasogastric tube feeds? Yes No
30.4	Did the patient receive any of the following Yes No Unknown Explain therapies while in hospital?
	Swallowing management
	Occupational therapy
	Physiotherapy
	Speech therapy
	Bladder care
	Deep vein thrombosis prophylaxis
31.	Course during hospital stay
31.1	Did the patient deteriorate during hospitalisation ?
	Developed new stroke event Complications developed during hospitalisation No
31.2	If option 1, what is the type of stroke?
	Ischemic Intracerebral haemorrhage Subarachnoid Haemorrhage
	Venous Undetermined
31.3	Final diagnosis of new stroke event:
31.4	ICD-10 description: ICD -10 code: I
31.5	Date of new stroke event:
31.6	If option 2, what are the complications during hospitalisation? Yes No Unknown
	Intracerebral haemorrhage due to antithrombotic therapy
	Progression of current stroke (in terms of expansion /extension of stroke)
	Cardiac event, specify
	Seizures
	Pneumonia
	Urinary Tract Infection
	Decubitus ulcer
	Deep Venous Thrombosis
	Pulmonary Embolism
	Fall
	Renal Failure
	Post stroke depression
	Any other psychiatric illness
	Others, specify
V. D	SCHARGE INFORMATION
32.	Date of discharge
33.	How many days was the patient admitted in the hospital?
34.	Vital status at discharge: Alive Dead Unknown
04.	
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35.	Functional Status at discharge (modified Rankin scale at discharge)	arge)				
	Symptoms			Score		
Patient doesn't have any symptoms (0)						
Patient is able to carry out all usual duties and activities without any assistance (1)						
F	Patient can look after own affairs without assistance (2)					
Patient requires some assistance in doing activities and can walk by himself or herself without any support (3)						
F	Patient needs assistance for walking and attending own needs (	(4)				
F	Patient is bedridden/incontinent and requires constant care (5)					
F	Patient is dead (6)					
36. 1	Pharmacologic medication prescribed at OPD / at discharge	Yes	No	Unknown		
A	Antihypertensives					
F	Antiplatelets					
F	Anticoagulants	Ц	Ц	Ц		
5	Statins		H			
Sec. 11	Antidiabetics					
	Others			•••••		
	Counselling regarding management at discharge	Yes	No	Unknown		
	Counselling for regular follow up	H	H			
	Counselling for compliance of medication	H	H			
	Smoking cessation counselling	H	Н			
	Smokeless tobacco cessation counselling Counselling to abstain alcohol	H	H	H		
	Counselling to abstain from drug abuse & addiction	H	H	H		
	Advice on rehabilitation services advice	H	H	H		
	Stroke education	H	H	H		
	FOLLOW UP					
	At day 28 after onset of stroke	,	At 3 mo	onths after ons	et of stroke	
38.1	Due date of follow-up :					
38.2	Actual date of follow-up :	1.				
38.3	Method of follow-up:	1.00				
	Hospital visit			tal visit		
	By post		By pos			
	By telephone			ephone		
	By house visit			use visit		
	Others, specify		Unkno			
20	Vital status		Unkno	own		
39.	Alive Dead Unknown	Alive		Dead	Unknown	
39.1	Any history of new stroke episode reported to other hospital?					
	Yes No			Yes	No	
40.	Functional Status (modified Rankin scale)		-			
	Symptoms Score	Detion	Symp		Score	
	Patient doesn't have any symptoms (0)			t have any sym		
	Patient is able to carry out all usual duties and activities without any assistance (1)	and ac	tivities v	to carry out all without any ass	istance (1)	
	Patient can look after own affairs without assistance (2)		ince (2)	ok after own aff		
				The age	lences *	

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	Patient requires some assistance in doing activities and can walk by himself or herself without any support (3)	Patient requires some assistance in doing activities and can walk by himself or herself without any support (3)
	Patient needs assistance for walking and attending own needs (4)	Patient needs assistance for walking and attending own needs (4)
	Patient is bedridden/incontinent and requires constant care (5)	Patient is bedridden/incontinent and requires constant care (5)
	Patient is dead (6)	Patient is dead (6)
VII. C	DETAILS OF DEATH	
41.	If dead, Date of death	
42.	Cause of Death information available:	
	Death Certificate (MCCD)	Death Certificate (MCCD)
	Medical Records	Medical Records
	Verbal autopsy	Verbal autopsy
	Not available	Not available
	Unknown	Unknown
43.	Cause of death	
	Related to stroke	Related to stroke
	Not related to stroke	Not related to stroke
	Others, specify	Others, specify
	Unknown	Unknown
12.1	Cause of death from MCCD	
43.1	Immediate	Immediate
	Antecedent cause	Antecedent cause
	Underlying cause	Underlying cause
	Other contributing conditions	Other contributing conditions
44.	Matching death with PBSR record : (to be completed by PBSR Incidence Registration Number	Rs only)
45.	Name of person completing the form :	
46.	Date of completion of form :	
47.	Date of data entry :	
	Signature :	
*	Mark within boxes with " $\checkmark$ " as indicated $\checkmark$	
		of Aru dchal Piede

